NEW BRUNSWICK.

r. Patents are issued for fourteen years to all persons whose governments do not discriminate against the inhabitants of the Province.

2. Application must be made by petition, setting forth nature of invention, and that it has not been known or used by others before applicant's invention ; and that it is not in common now in Province at time of application, and must be verified on oath.

3. The petition must be accompanied with an accurate description and a model, in cases admitting of one.

4. In case an inventor dies before taking out patents, his executors can do so for the benefit of the estate.

5. Patents are assignable, and may be issued in name of assignee. All assignments must be re-

corded within three months.
6. Patents for any original design of art or ornament, or of a manufacture, or of printing any material, are issued for a term not exceeding seven years.
7. Parties infringing patents are liable to forkit three times the actual damage occasioned.
8. An inventor may fyle a caveat setting forth the purpose of his invention, its principles and distinguishing characteristics, which shall be fyled and preserved in secrecy one year. Should an application of the purpose of the secrect of the purpose of the secrect tion for a patent for some invention be made by a second party, the first is notified to produce complete application within three months,

9. Patentees must establish manufacture of article within three years, on pain of forfeiture of patent. The Governor, on cause shown, may extend term three years longer.

10. The fees for obtaining a patent are as follow :-

For subject of government which does not			
discriminate against subjects of Province	\$21 50	Application for design	\$12 00
Subjects of other governments	40 00	Copies of papers over 100 words	00 40
Fyling a Cavent.			
A subsequent improvement	16 00 1	Per additional 100 words	00 20
On re-issued patent on surrender of old one	16 00		

On re-issued patent on surrender of old one 16 oo Attorney General, on every patent issued, from \$9.35 to \$14.00, according to ctrcumstances. The following is the list of Patents issued in New Brunswick in 1865, and down to Sept. 1st, 1866 : Improved Pumps (2)—Charles Blacklin (assignee), E. McAllister (assignee). For cutting and folding paper collars—Nath. Evans. A Hay Press—A. L. Dennis. Punching and shearing sheet iron—A. G. Gray. Punching metal plates—Rob. Nugent. Saw Sharpeners (3)—A. G. Gray (assignee), Elisha B. Rich, Chas. Taylor. An improved method of manufacturing gas and oils from coal—Jno. Rowarth. An improved Washing Machine—Alex. Mitchell. An improvement in cooling stores—Jno. Magee. For fastening slates to boots—McKelrie and Smith. Improved Heel Callis— Thos. Symonds. A Sugar-box Shook finisher—E. B. Rich. A machine for sawing lumber—E. B. Rich. A Seamless Cask—W. Reed. Improvements in refining sugar (2)—The Sugar Refining Co. (assignee), Jas. Treat (assignee). An improved Churn—Jas. Tyzack. An improved Water-wheel— E. Tuttle. An improved method of ouring hides—W. H. Towers. An improvement in manufacturing extract of hemlock—Henry Wood. NOVA SCOTIA.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Persons who have resided in Nova Scotia for one year, whether British subjects or not, may obtain letters Patent for the invention of any art, machine, or composition of matter or improvement. A descrip-tion (and if a machine a model) must be deposited in the Provincial Secretary's Office. Crown fee, \$4.

Any inventor or inventor's assignee can take out a Patent for the chemical amalgamation or separation of gold from quartz, whether he be resident in the Province or not, on payment of \$30, fees. The following is the list of inventions Patented in Nova Scotia between July 1st, 1865, and Sept. 15t, 1866 :-

In the binowing is the list of inventions Fateneed in Nova Scotla Detween July 1st, 1805, and Sept. ist, 1865 — An improvement in chemical treatment of auriferous ores with hydrogen gas, steam, &c. —F. B. Nichols, New York. An improved mode of extracting gold from its ores by chemical treatment, the employment of sodium, &c.—Wm. Crookes, London, England. A method for washing gold from its ores—R. C. Fraser, Halifax. A method for washing gold from its ores—E. C. Ibbotson, Yorkshire, England. Langley's Cordial Rhubarb—Geo. Johnson, Halifax. A new process for amalgamating Fuel-Saml H, Mitchell, Oldham. An improvement on No. 2 Windpower previously patented—Jas. Alexander, Annapolis. A Washing Machine—Elkanah Hebb, Bridgewater. A Churn—Jas. Xahorn, Liverpool. A parallel Guage or Scriber—Elijah T. Brooks, Shelburne. An Ointment for wounds, burns, &c.—P J. Doran, Halifax. For the manufacture of Scale Boards—Wm. H. Mayo, Hilsburg. A Cooking Stove—Wm. S. Symonds, Halifax. An improved Fishing Lead—Louis Estano, Halifax. A stench Trap—Alex. Robertson, Halifax. A hydraulic funnel for filling bottles— M. J. Wilkins, Pictou. A new method of burning the magnesium wirc—Wm. S. Boone, Windsor. A centrifugal check, a new method of applying centrifugal force to cogwhecis—W. S. Boone, Windsor. The discovery of the use of one or more Scale Braids for all kinds of building purposes—John K. Mayo, Weymouth. A new kind of skate fastener—John Forbes, Halifax. The Panalphabetic Index —Constant M. Dimock, Windsor. A new method of making railway chairs, by moulding them and forming a groove without either core or chill—Jas. Caffrey, Truro. An improved Castor—Ed. Elliott, Dartmouth. A method of treating gold ores by amalgamation—Wm. Crookes, London, England. A method for preserving timber from the ravages of the marine worm (by coal oil)—Alex. P. Ross, Fictou. Woolrich's "Pick me up Bitters"—Je. H. Woolrich, Halifax.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

A patent of invention, covering 14 years, costs 10s. Island currency, to be paid in the office of the

Colonial Secretary. None have been taken out for a year or two pact. Patents are procurable by persons resident in Britain or the United States, by Act of the General Assembly only. One was thus granted some years past for Bessemer's process for smelting iron. Since January, 1865, the only one recorded is that granted to John Robinson, for a peculiar mode of transfacturing ships.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

There were no patents taken out in 1865. 2 2 0 \$32 77 2 0 Stg, Col. Secretary's fee.